

BARTLETT GIVEN RENOMINATION AT THE HANDS OF DEMOCRATIC PARTY

Was Lone Candidate in Field -No Other Name Was Presented for Consideration.

Machine Well Greased and Never Slips a Cog

Opposition Casts Votes for Dummy In Order to Show Their Disapproval.

California-Representative-for-Nevada Newlands Manages to Sled Over Very Thin Ice to Safety in His Speech of Acceptance-- Platform Contains Usual Denunciation of Republicans.

- DEMOCRATIC TICKET. United States Senator-- F. G. NEWLANDS. For Congress-- GEORGE A. BARTLETT. Supreme Judge-- GEORGE F. TALBOT. Surveyor General-- C. F. DEADY. Presidential Electors-- CHARLES S. SPRAGUE, J. A. MILLER, L. D. HUDSON. State Chairman-- PETER J. SOMERS. University Regents-- FRANK WILLIAMS, FRED W. KETTLE. (Long Term.) J. J. SULLIVAN. (Short Term.)

MORNING SESSION. Chairman Bell upon the convention reassembling yesterday morning, again turned over the gavel to Husky of Washoe, who immediately stated the first business before the convention according to the report of the committee on organization and order of business was the nomination of a candidate for United States senator. Carl Young started up the old fight of twelve from Rawhide and Boss Bennie Rosenthal butted in the game early and said that Esmeralda would vote as a unit, evidently meaning unit. Key Pittman had a relative who gave him a proxy, but he waived all rights. Carl Young said Montgomery had no right to give his proxy to Pittman as he, Montgomery had an alternate. The chair made a ruling which put a quietus upon the threatened scrap. Nominations being called for, Prof. J. E. Bray of Washoe nominated Francis G. Newlands of Washoe for United States senator, giving credit to Newlands, among other things, for the annexing of the Hawaiian islands, reclamation of arid lands, the father of a bill to make an agricultural state out of Nevada, the waterways commission, in fact leader in all great movements. He gave him credit for supporting the Peerless One in 1896 and in 1900, and he knew he was a great statesman for the professor had been in Massachusetts lately and Newlands was known even in Boston. The senior senator was ever with the horny-handed son of toil and his efforts in the eight-hour movement more than demonstrated this. The professor closed with an appeal to the delegates to vote for the Nevada and took great pleasure in presenting the name of Francis G. Newlands. Bartine of the railway commission said it was superfluous for him to say anything, but he talked for considerable length of time and he explained that he would have continued talking longer but that he had taken sixteen drinks of Tonopah booze to one of water and now had a splitting headache--due to the water. Personally he was close to Newlands (perhaps the sack) so dear to the workingman's heart. The Democracy was about to enter a great campaign and for the first time had a reasonable chance to win and must stand as a unit for F. G. Newlands. Judge Denton of Lincoln, the contortionist orator, said that Newlands was as true to Nevada as a needle to a pole and when Newlands talks in the senate the world refuses to turn on its axis. The veteran from Lincoln was evidently anxious to adjourn for he remarked that when this

was over everybody would take a drink and be a good fellow. Carl Young then moved that the nominations close and Newlands be elected by acclamation. Senator Newlands was escorted to the platform and thanked his friends from the bottom of his heart for their action in placing him in nomination and believed that the selection would be ratified by the people of Nevada at the polls next November. He said he believed in the rule of the people and did not wish to be represented by proxy; wanted to receive the suffrages of the dear people though he had an advantage in the campaign by having a chain on the Democratic hold-over state senators; as a public servant he would go before the dear people and give an accounting of his stewardship. He invited a criticism of his record and would abide by the result. He had read the platform and stood upon it, declaring it not cowardly and evasive as that of the Republican party. He claimed the Democracy had controlled the state on account of its fidelity to its pledges while all states in the north were swept into the Republican column, Nevada alone stood for Democracy and the party has been true to the people of the state. Its legislation was not marked by radicalism nor by economic disturbance, on the other hand legislation was all in direction of established reforms. Nevada was known as the most progressive state in the union. The party demands that we supplement the initiative and recall. The recall to replace any public servant who has been untrue to his trust. Bryan will not allow Democracy to be turned into a class, and we cannot fall in this contest. Every needed reform is demanded with the view to making this state a model commonwealth. The state had passed through a most serious crisis and did not intend to permit conditions that existed in Colorado to obtain a foothold here. This state will not be the scene of civil strife and no internal warfare will be tolerated. They intended to preserve order and the public peace unaided by the national government, exercising only the powers of the people themselves. Hirsch Harris, ever on the alert for the financial end of the game, invited the nominee to get busy with the sack and he fished up \$100 in crisp new bills from his vest pocket, upon which the delegate remarked: "He is the candy kid." At this stage of the game a vote of thanks was tendered by the convention to the citizens of Tonopah and Bryan pennants were passed around to the delegates. Bartine, who was enjoying a somnolent snooze, came out of his trance long enough to enquire if Newlands had been nominated and was not satisfied until the minutes had been read. The commissioner was evidently disappointed in not finding that the efficient secretary had not recorded his seconding speech and sank in to another deep sleep. Nominations were then called for a member of congress. H. R. Cooke, proxy of Eureka, though for the time being in the Nye delegation, said there was a friendly rivalry in Nye county for the pleasure of placing George A. Bartlett in nomination. He approached the duty with hesitancy due to his unpreparedness. He portrayed the congressman as presenting all the attributes that go to make up American citizenship and said that Bartlett possessed the courage of his convictions (considerable applause ensued at this time, though Rosie and his gang remained quiet). He, Cooke, believed that the state police

bill possessed certain vicious elements, but when the legislature got through with it no one would recognize the original bill. Bartlett would stand on the platform adopted by the convention. The attorney said he was not in good condition on account of last night's scrap, but desired to present the name of George A. Bartlett. Senator Pyne of Esmeralda, who held a Humboldt proxy, seconded the nomination of Bartlett and took occasion to say that as a native son he was proud to second that other native son, George Bartlett. He proceeded to castigate the delegates from Esmeralda and administered a tongue lashing that caused some of them to squirm in their seats. Amidst an intense silence and everybody on the qui quive, Cooke arose to suggest that if there were no further nominations that the convention proceed to a ballot. The roll being called Churchill cast twelve votes for Bartlett and Douglas her four, when the Israelite Bennie rose to make a remark. He was pledged to vote against Bartlett, but after voting against him Rosie agreed to drop into the band wagon if they would allow him to hang on to the tall board. Elko cast her thirteen votes for Bartlett, Eureka four, Humboldt twelve, Lander five, Lincoln eleven, Lyon eight. Thatcher cast the vote of Nye as thirty-three for Bartlett, one against and two not voting. A delegate from the south end of the county challenged the vote of Faulkner, who said that he had been instructed to cast his vote for

The Platform Adopted. The Democrats of Nevada, in convention assembled, unqualifiedly endorse, in letter and spirit, the declaration of principles recently adopted by the representatives of the party assembled at Denver, Colorado, and hereby pledge the support of the united Democracy of Nevada to that unwavering champion of the rights of the common people, William Jennings Bryan of Nebraska. We reiterate our former pledge to encourage education and provide liberally for the public schools and the state university; and we commend most heartily the action of the last legislature in passing the new school laws providing for much needed supervision of schools, for bonding districts in order to provide buildings and for dividing the surplus money in the state library fund between the general fund and the distributive school fund, thereby very materially increasing the means at the disposal of our schools. We strongly recommend legislation providing means of support for newly organized school districts, and further legislation looking towards additional revenue sufficient to make possible at least nine months school for every district in Nevada. Recognizing the fact that the education of our children is among the most important functions of our government, we pledge ourselves to work for legislation that will make the remuneration of teachers more in accordance with the importance of their work. We specifically renew our demand for an amendment to the federal constitution providing for the election of United States senators by the direct vote of the people, and condemn the attitude of the Republican senate majority in refusing the demand of the people for such amendment. Until such amendment can be adopted, we favor the passage by the legislature of this state of a law governing both primary and general elections similar to that in force and effect in the state of Oregon, which virtually insures the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people; and we pledge all Democratic legislators in the forthcoming legislature to vote for a message of this character. We take pleasure and pride in presenting as our candidate for United States senator to succeed himself the Honorable Francis G. Newlands, whose career in congress is now a part of the nation's history, and who was more instrumental than any other man in establishing the great irrigation and reclamation system, which has been of such inestimable benefit to the people of our state; and we pledge the Democratic members of the next legislature to vote for him unless the Republican party shall comply with the conditions set out in a resolution adopted by this convention, in which event we pledge the Democratic members of the legislature to vote for the candidate receiv-

ing the highest number of votes at the next general election. We recommend the integrity, ability and faithfulness of the late Governor Sparks, who died at the post of duty in the service of the state which he had helped upbuild. We endorse the record of our representative in congress, Hon. George A. Bartlett and especially his activity in having passed through the lower house the bill for establishing the bureau of mines. We challenge the Republican claim that the progress of the country during past years are due to Republican policies. Thoughtful people know that every great panic that has swept over the country since the close of the civil war has come with Republican policies in full force and effect and the country is even now suffering from financial depression and industrial paralysis. We point with pride to the commendable, constructive and beneficial legislation which has been enacted by the Democratic party for the benefit of the people of this state and refer especially to the eight-hour labor law, the employers' liability act, the railroad commission act, the law permitting school districts to issue bonds for the construction of school houses, the state irrigation act providing for the gradual and progressive reduction of a tax rate to the counties, cities and towns, under which marked reductions in taxation have been made. We are in favor of a rigid and impartial enforcement of the laws for the protection of both persons and property and for the maintenance of peace and order within the confines of our state. We feel that if the state should leave itself powerless to deal with the emergencies as they arise, it can never enjoy the respect and confidence of either its sister states or the national government and that its progress and prosperity will be seriously retarded by the fear of both labor and capital that their respective rights will not be adequately protected. We therefore demand that the present state police law be maintained with such amendments as will insure against abuse of power, interference in local affairs, except where the local officers are unable or unwilling to perform their sworn duty and will guard against the police force degenerating into a political machine. We condemn as cowardly, unpatriotic and unworthy the action of the recent Republican convention in refusing for demagogic political purposes any direct reference to, or endorsement of this measure, although the passage of the law was advocated by every Republican newspaper in the state and the bill received the support, with but two exceptions, of every Republican member of the state legislature. (Continued on Page 4.)

RESOLUTION. Whereas, The Honorable Francis G. Newlands has been endorsed by this convention as the choice of the Democratic party for United States senator from the state of Nevada, and Whereas, The Honorable P. L. Flanagan has been endorsed as the choice of the Republican party for such office, Now Therefore, This Democratic state convention hereby authorizes and empowers the chairman of the Democratic state central committee to confer with any like authorized representative of the Republican state central committee for the purpose of entering into an agreement as follows, to-wit: That the nominee of each convention for United States senator be certified to the secretary of state for the purpose of being placed upon the official ballot, in conformity with the act of March 14, 1899. Compiled statutes 1744 to 1748. That in the event such agreement is entered into the name of Francis G. Newlands, of Washoe county, be certified to the secretary of state as the nominee of this convention for United States senator; it being understood, stipulated and agreed as a condition precedent to such certification that each convention shall bind and pledge its legislative nominees to vote for the person who shall receive the highest number of votes at the polls on November 3 for United States senator, irrespective of party affiliation, thereby unanimously confirming the expressed will of the people, and this convention in the event such agreement is entered into hereby solemnly pledges and binds the legislative nominees of the Democratic party of the various counties of the state to vote for such choice of the people, irrespective of party affiliations and for none other, when the legislature has convened for the purpose of choosing a United States senator. BASE BALL. NATIONAL LEAGUE. Results of Yesterday's Games. Boston-New York game postponed on account of rain. Philadelphia, 3; Brooklyn, 2 (17 innings.) Pittsburg, 8; Cincinnati, 2. Chicago, 8; St. Louis, 0. AMERICAN LEAGUE. Washington, 3; Boston, 2. Detroit, 5; Cleveland, 3. Chicago, 4; St. Louis, 1. Philadelphia, 5; New York, 2. PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE. Oakland, 1; San Francisco, 0. Los Angeles, 8; Portland, 1. KAHN RENOMINATED. (By Associated Press.) SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 2.--The fourth congressional district tonight renominated Julius Kahn for congress. There was no opposition. The committee on platform endorsed the national and state Republican platform. (Continued on Page 3.)

BIG SURPRISE IN STORE FOR THEM

(By Associated Press.) BOISE, Idaho, Sept. 2.--The Republican state convention gave Idaho its biggest political surprise today when at the eleventh hour it defeated a ticket agreed on by Chairman Brady, nominee for governor. One hundred and fifty-nine delegates, more than a majority of the convention, signed up to support an opposition ticket that was finally nominated. After Hamer had been nominated the opposition to the insurgent slate practically quit. There was a strong fight, strongly backed by Senator Weldon B. Heyburn against a direct primary plank and it was defeated by a vote of 169 to 134, a local option plank being adopted. The following nominations were made: United States senator, Weldon B. Heyburn; congressman, Thomas R. Hamer; governor, James H. Brady; lieutenant governor, L. H. Sweetser; also a full state ticket.

WILL VISIT INDIANA.

(By Associated Press.) CHICAGO, Sept. 2.--Chairman Hitchcock of the Republican national committee decided today to visit both Indiana and Ohio on his return trip to New York. He leaves Chicago tomorrow night for Indianapolis and will confer with Vice President Fairbanks on Friday. He expects to leave the same evening for Toledo, Ohio, and will visit Taft at Middle Bass Island on Saturday. The Indiana situation is giving the officials of the national committee some concern so that state will receive special attention.

CALIFORNIA DEMOCRATS.

(By Associated Press.) State Senator George W. Cartwright of Fresno will in all probability be elected temporary chairman of the Democratic state convention which opens tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock to nominate ten presidential electors. No opposition to his candidacy to preside over the deliberations of the convention has so far developed, nor are there any rival candidates for the honor.

BRYAN DENOUNCES THEM.

(By Associated Press.) SIOUX CITY, Iowa, Sept. 2.--Addressing a monster Democratic rally here tonight William J. Bryan, Democratic candidate for the presidency, in the course of a speech on tariff, guaranty of bank deposits, labor and trust questions and governmental reforms denounced T. Coleman Dupont of Delaware and Senator Boise Penrose of Pennsylvania, members of the Republican executive committee as not being expected to become reformers because as he charged, of their affiliation with the trusts.

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